



Policy for Promotion of Agro-Processing and Agri-Business, 2010



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Government of Rajasthan

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1. Preamble

Rajasthan, with its diverse agro-climatic conditions, is richly endowed in the cultivation of a variety of crops. The State is a major producer of oilseeds and spices. With abundance of land, the State is well positioned to develop agro-processing and agri-business, which would have a major impact on the State's economy, particularly in the rural areas.

With over 60% of the State's population dependent on agriculture for livelihood it is imperative that agriculture should be remunerative and sustainable. A paradigm shift in the approach to agriculture is required from merely a field harvesting of crops and its disposal in the local Mandi to a demand driven activity with an increased focus on processing and value addition, diversification of produce and emphasis on quality improvement. This will also ensure that farmers get a more remunerative price for their produce and their incomes also increase by adoption of higher value yielding crops.

The Policy for the promotion of agro-processing industries and agri-business, thus, seeks to address the entire value chain in agro-processing and marketing, including development of the supply chain, market development and diversification.

This Policy is aimed at the following objectives

- i. To increase the income in the hands of the farmers through more remunerative prices for their produce;
- ii. To encourage value addition in agriculture produce and to reduce post harvest losses;
- iii. To bring in new technologies and practices to modernize agro-processing and marketing;
- iv. To promote export of agri products of the State and to build a strong State brand in the domestic and international market; and
- v. To attract private investment in agro-processing and create new employment opportunities on a large scale.

2. Scope & Coverage

The Policy will be applicable to new agro processing and agro business

enterprises set up in the State and to existing agro-processing and agro-business enterprises undergoing modernization, expansion or diversification. The term modernization, expansion and diversification would have the same meaning as in the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme.

The Policy also seeks to promote and encourage value addition and loss reduction in agriculture, including horticulture; introduce new post harvesting technologies; promote export of agriculture products produced in the State and encourage the development of agro processing infrastructure and human resources.

The Policy shall apply to the agro-processing and agro-business enterprises listed at Annexure-I. For the purpose of this Policy, the National Industries Classification, 2008 (NIC-2008) will form the basis of classification of industries and businesses.

3. Duration

All agro-processing and agri-business enterprises which commence commercial production/operations and fulfill all other requirements/obligations, as may be prescribed, will be eligible for incentives under this Policy. The Policy will be reviewed in 2015.

4. Definitions

- i. 'Agricultural products' would mean produce of Agriculture, Horticulture, Sericulture, Floriculture, Medicinal plants, Fisheries, Poultry, Apiculture, Dairy and would include minor forest produce and live stock based products.
- ii. 'Agro processing' means processes that use agriculture products, agri-waste and intermediate agriculture products to produce products in a manner that there is a transformation in the nature of the agriculture product. For the purpose of transformation in the nature of product, there must be a change in the product classification at the 6 digit level in the Indian Trade Classification (Harmonised System) and there must be a value addition of at least 30%.
- iii. 'Agri-business' means large-scale business that derives most of its revenue

from agriculture and may cover production, processing, manufacturing and distribution of agricultural products.

- iv. All other terms not specifically defined in the Policy will have the meaning given to them in the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme.

5. Classification of Industries and Businesses

- i. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises will have the same meaning and definition for such enterprises as in the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006. At present, Micro, Small and Medium manufacturing enterprises have been defined as having an investment of Rs. 25 lakh, more than Rs. 25 lakh but up to Rs. 500 lakh and more than Rs. 500 lakh and up to Rs. 1000 lakh, respectively, in plant and machinery. The definition Micro, Small and Medium manufacturing enterprises will stand amended automatically with any changes in the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.
- ii. Micro, Small and Medium Service Enterprises will have the same meaning and definition as in the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006. At present, Micro, Small and Medium services enterprises have been defined as having an investment of Rs. 10 lakh, more than Rs. 10 lakh and up to Rs. 200 lakh and more than Rs. 200 lakh and up to Rs. 500 lakh respectively. The definition Micro, Small and Medium Services enterprises in this Policy will stand amended automatically with any changes in the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.
- iii. Manufacturing and services projects with investment in plant and machinery beyond the limits provided for the medium enterprises would be considered as large enterprises. This would mean that manufacturing enterprises with investment in plant and machinery exceeding Rs. 1000 lakh and service enterprises with investment exceeding Rs. 500 lakh would be considered as large enterprises.
- iv. Mega Projects: Projects with investment of Rs. 100 crore or more in plant and machinery or providing direct employment of 500 or more persons within three years of the approval of the project would be treated as Mega

Projects. Mega projects would be entitled to a customized package of incentives.

6. Types of Incentives

Agro-processing and agri-businesses would be entitled to the following category of incentives

- i. Incentives admissible under the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme, as amended from time to time
- ii. Additional Incentives/concessions under this Policy. This will include:
 - a. Incentive for new Employment Creation
 - b. Electricity Duty concession
 - c. Stamp duty concession
 - d. Concessions on land related issues
 - i. Conversion of land
 - ii. Simplified conversion process in designated agro-processing zones
 - iii. Land allotment on lease basis
 - iv. Exemption from the Agricultural Land Ceiling Act
 - v. Extended period of lease over private land
 - e. Incentive for market development and diversification
 - f. Incentives for quality and standards
 - g. Concession on direct purchase and market fee
 - h. Incentive for new project development
 - i. Incentives for 'Early Bird' projects
 - j. Human Resource Development: Concessional allotment of land and incentives for training
 - k. Infrastructure Support
 - i. Common infrastructure projects
 - ii. Centres of Excellence, Crop Development Institutes
 - iii. Infrastructure support in agro processing zones
 - iv. Support for Food Parks
 - v. Private Mandi Yards/e-Markets
 - l. Research & Development

m. Venture Capital Fund

- iii. Incentives/assistance admissible under ongoing/specific schemes/programmes

7. Incentives available under the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme

Projects covered under this Policy will be eligible for all incentives admissible under the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme, as amended from time to time. However, projects eligible for higher incentives under this Policy would be entitled for incentives at a higher level as per this Policy.

8. Employment Based Capital Investment Incentive

Besides the capital investment subsidy admissible under the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme, as amended from time to time, eligible agro-processing and agri-businesses enterprises will be given an additional direct employment based incentive @ Rs.4,000 per year of completed service for each newly appointed person. In case of women employees and employees belonging to SC/ST, the incentive would be @ Rs. 6,000 per person per year. This incentive will be available for a maximum period of 3 years from the commencement of commercial production. Direct employment incentive, along with capital investment subsidy admissible under the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme, will not exceed Central Sales Tax and Value Added Tax or any other Tax, which may replace VAT, paid and deposited by the enterprise during the year.

9. Electricity Duty Concession

Eligible agro-processing enterprises will be entitled to 50% exemption/remission on the Electricity Duty for a period of 7 years as provided in the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme. Agro-processing and agri-business enterprises would be entitled to immediate release of power connection, subject to technical feasibility.

Cold chain, being an important element of agro-processing, will be treated as part of agro-processing and accordingly will be eligible for tariff and concession

on electricity duty as applicable to agro-industries.

10. Stamp Duty Concession

Under the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme a concession of 50% from the stamp duty on purchase or lease of land and construction/improvement on such land is admissible to eligible projects. Agro-processing and agri-business enterprises would be entitled to this concession. Food Parks would, on the recommendation of the State Level Empowered Committee, be entitled to 50% exemption on stamp duty for the first conveyance of plots/buildings after development of the Park.

11. Incentives in Land Related Issues

Availability of land with appropriate land use is among the foremost requirements for quick growth of industries. The State Government shall address this through the following:

- i. Rajasthan Land Revenue (Conversion of Agriculture Land for Non-Agriculture Purposes in Rural Areas) Rules, 2007 will be amended to vest power for conversion of up to 10 hectare of agriculture land for setting up agro-processing or agri-business enterprises with the Sub-Divisional Officer and beyond 10 hectare with the District Collector. This will be notified within 3 months of the issue of this Policy. Under the Rajasthan Investment promotion Scheme, 50% concession would be available on the charges for conversion of land for industrial purposes prescribed in the said Rules.
- ii. In Agri-business activities where the area under non agricultural activities does not exceed 5% of the total area, the entire area would be treated under agricultural operations. In such cases no conversion of land for non-agricultural purposes under the Rajasthan Land Revenue (Conversion of Agricultural Land for Non Agricultural Purposes in Rural Areas) Rules 2007, would be required.
- iii. In order to promote clustering of agro-processing enterprises, and thereby bring in economies of scale, the State Government would declare specified areas in the vicinity of major crop producing zones or Mandies as agro processing regions. In such regions, conversion of land for setting up

nonpolluting agro-processing industries would be automatic on depositing of the requisite fee and the verification of the land title. No other examination from the point of view of suitability of land would be required and the conversion order would be issued by the Sub Divisional Officer for land up to 10 hectare or Collector for land more than 10 hectare within 2 weeks of depositing of the amount and documents. Modalities for declaring such agro processing regions would be notified separately.

- iv. Government would encourage entrepreneurs to procure land required for their projects. In cases where the land for setting up agro-industries and agri-businesses exceeds the ceiling prescribed in the Rajasthan Imposition of Ceiling on Agriculture Land Act, based on the recommendation of the State Level Empowered Committee, exemption from the said Act will be granted.
- v. Government land can be made available for projects which bring new technologies/processes not existing in the State or which help in enhancing the brand competitiveness of the State. In such cases, Government land would be provided on lease with lease rental @ 10% of the prevailing DLC rate being charged at the time of allotment. This will reduce the initial cost of the project. The lease rental will be increased by 15% after every two years to offset inflation. The increased lease rental will, however, not be less than 10% of the prevailing DLC rates.
- vi. The Govt. of Rajasthan could, on the recommendation of the State Level Empowered Committee, allow leasing of Government land for a period of 30 years for captive production and consumption for projects with an investment of Rs. 50 crore or more. In case community land, vested with the Gram Panchayat, is made available 25% of the lease amount would be made available to the Gram Panchayat concerned.
- vii. In order to encourage setting up agro-processing enterprises using agri-produce from the Mandi concerned, 25% concession in the reserve rate of land in the designated areas of Mandies would be given. However, in the case of special Mandies the concession would be to the extent of 50%. The

land so allotted would be used only for the purpose for which it was allotted and shall stand reverted to the Mandi concerned in case the land or any part thereof is used for purpose other than the purpose for which it was allotted. The land thus allotted would be used for the purpose for which it was allotted within a period of two years from the date of handing over possession.

- viii. Separate Rules for allotment of Government land for setting up agro-processing and agri-business enterprises will be framed within three months of the issue of this Policy.
- ix. Section 45 of the Rajasthan Tenancy Act, 1955 will be amended to allow for extended lease for a period of 15 years, extendable by another 15 years, for the agricultural operations in connection with agro-processing and agri-businesses enterprises approved by the State Level Empowered Committee

12. Market Development & Diversification

The Policy seeks to address the entire gamut of activities in market development, both domestic as well as foreign. The Policy focuses on qualitative aspects, conforming to standards, exploring new markets, subsidizing freight in the initial years, export insurance and credit and brand building. The following facilities/incentives would be extended for market development and diversification, both domestic and foreign.

- i. The State Government would develop a data base of agri-exports from the State as well as major export destinations. The State would actively support agro-processing and agri-business enterprises in market development. The State would participate in national and international trade fairs and support participation of agri-product producers in such fairs. Products in which the State enjoys competitive advantage would be accorded priority in market development.
- ii. Subsidy of 50% of the cost of sending samples of agri-products of Rajasthan origin abroad for test marketing, subject to a maximum of Rs. 50,000 per beneficiary and for one sample to one country, would be admissible.
- iii. In order to encourage export of fruits and vegetables from the State, a

subsidy of Rs. 3.50 per kg or 20% of FOB value, whichever is less, subject to a maximum of Rs. 10 lakh per beneficiary per year will be given for a period of 3 years.

- iv. A subsidy of 25% of rail freight on orange, kinnow and other horticulture produce, as the State Government may notify from time to time, subject to a maximum of Rs. 10 lakh per beneficiary per year would be given for a period of three years for marketing of this produce in the country. This would be admissible for transportation to a distance exceeding 500 km.
- v. Government would encourage setting up of chains of retail outlets dealing in processed food and fresh fruits and vegetables by supporting them in getting quick approvals. Retail marketers of processed food and/or and fresh fruits and vegetables where share of these products in their annual turnover is, at least 80%, would also be eligible for incentives under the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme.

13. E-Commerce

The State Government would develop the Rajasthan Agriculture Market Information Network (RAJMIN) on a public private partnership basis for dissemination of information on the price of agri-produce and to offer facility of e-market. RAJMIN would connect the Mandis, agri IT kiosks, traders and other stakeholders.

The State Government has already amended the Rajasthan Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1961 to permit the setting up of private sub e-markets. Investment in the private sub e-markets would be eligible for incentives under this Policy.

14. Global Competitiveness Quality & Certification

The State Government would encourage standardization, grading and setting up of testing facilities accredited to Internationally acceptable agencies. Incentives for patent/design registration and quality certification, under the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme, would be admissible to agro-processing and agri-business enterprises.

i. Patent/Design Registration

The State Level Empowered Committee would approve assistance of 3 times

the prescribed fee for registering for Patent and Design under the Indian Patents Act and Indian Design Act, as the case may be, subject to a maximum of Rs. 1 lakh, as provided for in the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme. The assistance will be revised as per any revision in the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme.

ii. Quality Certification

The State Level Empowered Committee would approve assistance of 2 times the prescribed fee for internationally accepted quality/environmental certification, viz., OHSAS, SA8000, ISO 14001, ISP 9000, subject to a maximum of Rs. 1 lakh to each enterprise for each certification, as provided in the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme. The assistance will be revised as per any revision in the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme.

iii. Certification Agency

With reduction of customs barriers, sanitary and phytosanitary standards are increasingly emerging as main non-tariff barriers. Certification and testing to international standards is very important to promote export of agro products.

The State Government will support setting up of internationally recognized quality testing and certification laboratories through concessional allotment of land at suitable places or market yards. Subsidy for testing through these facilities for export of products originating from the State would be admissible. A detailed scheme would separately be brought out in this regard.

15. Direct Purchase & Market Fee

In order to encourage the setting up of agro-processing enterprises, which will result in value addition in the State and, thereby, ensure remunerative prices to the producers, the State will remove all restrictions on direct purchase of agriculture and horticulture products produced in the State by the agro-processing enterprises. Such purchases would be exempted from the Mandi fee. Necessary Notifications to this effect would be issued separately.

16. Contract Farming

The State Government has already amended the Rajasthan Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1961 to permit contract farming for fruits, vegetables, medicinal plants or aromatic plants. In order to further encourage agro-processing, the State Government will remove restrictions in terms of area for purchase of produce under contract farming. Necessary notifications to this effect would be issued separately.

17. Project Development Support

Agro-processing and/or agri-business enterprises which require preparation of a specialized project report will be eligible for a subsidy of 50% of the cost of preparation of a Detailed Project Report, subject to a maximum of Rs. 5 lakh per beneficiary during a period of 5 years. This subsidy will be admissible on the specific sanction by the State Level Empowered Committee and released only after the unit commences commercial operations.

18. Incentives for 'Early Bird' Projects

In order to give a head start to agro processing enterprises in the State, agro-processing and agri-business enterprises with an investment of Rs. 25.00 crores or more which commence commercial production before 31 March 2012 will be eligible for enhanced level of incentives as under:

- i. 100% exemption from Electricity Duty for a period of 7 years only for agro-processing enterprises.
- ii. 100% exemption from Stamp Duty for purchase/lease of land
- iii. 100% exemption in land conversion charges
- iv. 100% exemption from the Mandi fee
- v. Employment incentive @ 5,000 and Rs. 7,000 per employee I place of Rs. 4,000 and Rs. 6,000 respectively in para 8.

19. Human Resource Development

Agro-processing and agro-business, being emerging areas with a vast growth potential, is facing a shortage of skilled manpower. The State Government would encourage Universities in the State to commence courses in food

processing, packaging and agri-marketing.

In order to encourage setting up of academic and training institutions in agro-processing and agri-business in the private sector, the State Government would, on the recommendation of the State Level Empowered Committee, allot up to 5 acres of land at institutional reserve rate in urban areas and up to 10 acres of land twice the DLC rates in rural areas. In case such institutions are required to have a certain minimum area prescribed by the respective regulatory authority, the land allotment would be for the area so prescribed.

The State Government would also provide assistance of Rs. 750 per person per trainee per month, subject to a maximum of Rs. 25 lakh per year, for a period of three years, provided such Institutions are recognized/affiliated with the respective regulatory body or approved by the State Government.

20. Infrastructure Development

- i. Besides employment linked and other incentives under the Policy, common infrastructure projects in the area of agro processing and agri-business would, on the recommendations of the State Level Empowered Committee, be eligible for allotment of government land under the applicable Rules.
- ii. Centres of Excellence, Crop Development Institutes, etc., which are approved by the State Level Empowered Committee will be allotted land under the Rajasthan Industrial Area Allotment Rules, 1959 and other applicable Rules.
- iii. The State Government would consider, on priority, providing road links for agro-industries clusters and agro-processing units through the Marketing Development Fund (MDF) or other Schemes/Programmes.
- iv. Food parks approved by the State Level Empowered Committee would be eligible for allotment of land under the relevant Rules. Food Parks will be eligible for all other incentives admissible to agro processing and agri-enterprises under the policy.
- v. To strengthen marketing infrastructure and to promote efficiently and competitiveness in the marketing, the State Government would encourage setting up of private Mandi yards. Licensed private Mandis would deposit

full mandi tax to mandi samiti concerned and thereafter 20% of the deposited mandi tax would be given to the Private Mandi for its maintenance and development.

- vi. The Government would encourage setting up of oil, seed and soil testing laboratories, weigh bridges and other facilities in the Mandi Yards under revenue sharing model where land/space would be provided free of cost.
- vii. The Government would provide land/space on concessional rates in Mandi Yards to retail chains specializing in selling products directly or indirectly used in agricultural/horticulture activities, viz., tractors, agricultural implements, inputs.

21. Research & Development

Sponsored research undertaken in association with reputed research institutions and approved by the State Level Empowered Committee would be eligible for a subsidy of 50% of the cost subject to a maximum of Rs. 20 lakh for each undertaking in a year.

22. Venture Capital Fund

'SME Tech Fund RVCF II' with a committed corpus of over INR 1250 million, raised by the Rajasthan Venture Capital Fund (RVCF) supports enterprises in the High-tech / Emerging Sectors that are of value to the Indian economy, commercially viable in terms of profitability and exhibit substantial future growth potential. Agro & Food Processing enterprises are eligible for support from this Fund.

23. Incentives /assistance admissible under ongoing/specific schemes/programmes

Besides the incentives admissible under this Policy, agro-processing and agri-business enterprises would be eligible for any other assistance and/or subsidy admissible under any other scheme in force.

24. Implementation Mechanism

The eligibility of projects for benefits under this Policy would be considered and approved by Committees as under:

a. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises by the District Level Sanctioning Committee (DLSC) comprising of

i	District Collector	Chairperson
ii	Joint/Deputy Director Agriculture	Member
iii	Deputy Director Horticulture	Member
iv	Deputy/Assistant Commissioner, Commercial Taxes	Member
v	Senior Accounts personnel posted at district headquarter not below the rank of Treasury Officer	Member
vi	General Manager, District Industries Centre	Member Secretary

b. Other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises by the State Level Empowered Committee (SLEC) comprising of

i	Principal Secretary/Secretary Agriculture & Horticulture	Chairperson
ii	Principal Secretary/Secretary in-charge of Finance Department or his representative	Member
iii	Principal Secretary/Secretary in-charge of Industries Department or his representative	Member
iv	Principal Secretary/Secretary in-charge of Revenue Department or his representative	Member
v	Commissioner/Director Agriculture Department	Member
vi	Director Horticulture Department	Member
Vii	Director Agriculture Marketing	Member
vii	Administrator RSAMB	Member Secretary

The District Level Sanctioning Committee and the State Level Empowered Committee could invite other officials, as may be required.

The District Level Sanctioning Committee and the State Level Empowered Committee would be authorized to sanction incentives admissible to agro-processing and agri-business enterprises under the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme. These Committees shall have the powers vested with the District Level Screening Committee and the State Level Screening Committee

respectively under the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme.

Entitlement Certificate for availing benefits for concession in stamp duty and conversion charges under this policy and the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme, as the case may be, would be issued by the Member Secretary of the Committee concerned.

25. Nodal Agency

The Department of Agriculture would be the Nodal Department for the purpose of this Policy. The Rajasthan State Agriculture Marketing Board shall be the Nodal Agency for the implementation of this Policy

The Rajasthan State Agriculture Marketing Board will be suitably restructured and strengthened to pay a more proactive role in promoting agro-processing and agri-businesses in the State.

26. Review and Appeal

The State Level Empowered Committee and the District Level Sanctioning Committee, as the case may be, could review their decisions in appropriate cases. However, foe any reduction in the incentives allowed to any enterprise, an opportunity of hearing would be given to the party concerned. No such review would be undertaken after expiry of a period of three years from the date by which the benefits under the Policy are fully availed of.

The State Level Empowered Committee would hear and decide appeals against the decisions of the District Level Sanctioning Committee provided such appeal is filed within sixty days of the issue of order by the District Level Sanctioning Committee.

Annex-I

List of Industries Eligible for Benefits under Agro Industries & Agri Business Policy

Group	Class	Sub Class	Description
Division 01			Crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities
011			Growing of non-perennial crops
	0119		Growing of other non-perennial crops
		01191	Growing of rose
		01192	Growing of gladiolus
		01193	Growing of other flower, including production of cut flowers, flower buds and flower seeds
016			Support activities to agriculture and post harvest crop activities
	0163		Post Harvest crop activities
		10631	Preparation of crops for primary markets, i.e., cleaning, trimming, grading, disinfecting
	0164		Seed production and processing for propagation
Division 10			Manufacture of Food products
101	1010		Processing and preserving of meat
		10105	'Preservation, processing and canning of meat
102	1020		Processing and preserving of fish, crustaceans and molasses and products thereof
		10202	Artificial dehydration of fish and seafood
		10203	Radiation preservation of fish and similar food
		10204	Processing and preserving of fish crustaceans and similar foods
		10205	Processing and canning of fish
		10206	Processing and canning of frog legs
		10207	Production of fishmeal for human consumption or animal feed
103	1030		Processing and preserving of fruits and vegetables
		10302	Artificial dehydration of fruits and vegetables
		10303	Radiation preservation of fruits and vegetables

		10304	Manufacture of fruit and vegetable juices or their concentrates, squashes and powder
		10305	Manufacture of sauces, jams, jellies and marmalades
		10307	Canning of fruits and vegetables
		10308	Manufacture of potato flour & meals and prepared meals of vegetables
105	1050		Manufacturing of dairy products
		10501	Manufacture of pasteurized milk, whether or not in bottles/polythene packs
		10502	Manufacture of milk powder, ice cream powder and condensed milk except baby milk food
		10503	Manufacture of baby milk food
106	1061		Manufacture of grain milling products
		10615	Vegetable milling (production of flour or meal of dried leguminous vegetables (except dal) of roots or tubers or of edible nuts
		10616	Manufacture of cereal breakfast obtained by roasting or swelling cereal grains
	1062		Manufacture of starches and starch products
107			Manufacture of other food products
	1074	10740	Manufacture of macaroni, noodles, couscous and similar farinaceous products
	1075	10750	Manufacture of prepared meals and dishes
108	1080		Manufacture of prepared animal feed
		10801	Manufacture of cattle feed
		10802	Manufacture of poultry feed
		10803	Manufacture of prepared feed for pets, including dogs, cats, birds, fish, etc.
Division 47			Retail Trade
472			Retail sale of food, beverages and tobacco in specialized stores
	4721		Retail sale of food, in specialized stores
		47212	Retail sale of fresh or preserved fruits and vegetables
Division 52			Warehousing and Support Activities for Transportation
521	5210	52101	Warehousing of refrigerated (Cold storage)

NB

- i. In the above description, the products listed under Sub-Class are eligible for benefits under the Scheme. Group and Class have been mentioned to properly describe the product whose description is given*
- ii. The description of eligible activities is based on the National Industrial Classification, 2008, issued by the Central Statistical Organization, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Government of India.*



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